



ДЖУДИ ГРЭММЕР

**РАЗГОВОРНЫЙ
АНГЛИЙСКИЙ:
РЕЧЕВОЙ
ТРЕНАЖЁР
ДЛЯ
ШКОЛЬНИКОВ**

ПОДГОТОВКА К ОГЭ, ЕГЭ
И ОБЩЕНИЮ В ЖИЗНИ

Джуди Грэммер

**Разговорный английский:
речевой тренажёр для
школьников. Подготовка
к ОГЭ, ЕГЭ и общению в жизни**

«Издательские решения»

Грэммер Д.

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Пособие поможет развить устную речь, расширить словарный запас и уверенно общаться на разные темы. В нём представлены вопросы для диалогов, тексты для чтения, упражнения на перевод и развернутые примеры ответов. Книга идеально подходит для подготовки к ОГЭ, ЕГЭ и реальным ситуациям общения на английском языке.

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Введение

Эта книга предназначена для русскоязычных учащихся, изучающих английский язык на уровнях А2—В1, и ориентирована на развитие устной речи. Основная цель пособия – формирование уверенности при общении на повседневные и академические темы, расширение словарного запаса, а также практическое отработку навыков построения связных и развернутых ответов на вопросы различной сложности.

Материал книги охватывает широкий спектр актуальных тем, включая личные интересы, семейные отношения, школу и учёбу, хобби, путешествия, здоровье, социальное взаимодействие и общественную жизнь. Каждая тема представлена в структурированном формате, включающем вводные вопросы для «разогрева» мышления, ключевую лексику с примерами употребления, разнообразные вопросы для устной речи с образцовыми развернутыми ответами, текст для чтения с заданиями на понимание, упражнения на перевод и итоговое устное задание. Такой подход позволяет не только тренировать навыки говорения, но и закреплять лексику, развивать способность строить логичные и грамматически корректные ответы.

Особое внимание уделено подготовке к государственным экзаменам по английскому языку, таким как ОГЭ и ЕГЭ. Включённые вопросы и тексты имитируют формат устной части экзамена, а примеры развернутых ответов помогают учащимся понять, как структурировать свои высказывания, использовать тематическую лексику и выразить личное мнение. Дополнительные упражнения на перевод и чтение служат вспомогательным материалом для расширения словарного запаса и отработки грамматических конструкций, часто встречающихся на экзамене.

Пособие ориентировано на активную самостоятельную работу и может быть использовано как в классе, так и дома. Регулярная практика по данной книге позволяет учащимся развивать беглость речи, уверенность в общении, а также готовиться к реальным коммуникативным ситуациям и экзаменационным заданиям.

Introductions and Personal Information

Goal: Improve speaking skills and learn vocabulary for talking about yourself

1. Warm-up Questions

What is your name?

– Как тебя зовут?

How old are you?

– Сколько тебе лет?

Where are you from?

– Откуда ты родом?

2. Vocabulary

name – имя

My name is Anna.

age – возраст

I am 20 years old.

hometown – родной город

My hometown is Moscow.

nationality – национальность

My nationality is Russian.

job / profession – работа, профессия

I am a teacher.

student – студент, учащийся

I am a student at the university.

family – семья

I have a big family.

friend – друг

My best friend is Anna.

hobby – хобби

My hobby is reading books.

favorite – любимый

My favorite color is blue.

live – жить

I live in Moscow.

study – учиться
I study English every day.

3. Speaking Questions with Example Answers

Words to use – use these words to help you answer.

1. What is your name?

Words to use: name, my name is

Example answer:

My name is Alex. I like my name because it is short and easy to remember. My friends usually call me Alexy.

2. How old are you?

Words to use: age, years old

Example answer:

I am 21 years old. I was born in 2005. I think 21 is a good age because I can study, work, and travel at the same time.

3. Where are you from?

Words to use: hometown, live, from

Example answer:

I am from Saint Petersburg. It is a beautiful city with many rivers and parks. I live there with my family and I really like it.

4. What do you do?

Words to use: job, student, profession

Example answer:

I am a student at the local university. I study English and history. I want to become a teacher in the future because I enjoy helping people learn new things.

5. Tell me about your family.

Words to use: family, mother, father, sister, brother

Example answer:

I have a small family. I live with my mother, father, brother, and sister. My mother is a doctor and my father is an engineer. I love spending time with my family, we often watch movies or go for walks together.

6. What are your hobbies?

Words to use: hobby, like, favorite

Example answer:

My hobbies are reading books and listening to music. I like reading novels because they help me relax. My favorite hobby is playing football with my friends on weekends.

7. What is your favorite thing?

Words to use: favorite, color, food, activity

Example answer:

My favorite color is green and my favorite food is pizza. I enjoy green because it is bright and fresh. I also like pizza because it is tasty and easy to eat with friends.

4. Reading: About Me

Hello! My name is Alex. I am 21 years old and I come from Saint Petersburg. I live in a small apartment with my family. I am a student at the local university and I study English and history. I have one brother and one sister. My hobbies are reading books, playing football, and listening to music. My favorite color is green and my favorite food is pizza. I enjoy meeting new people and making friends.

Comprehension Questions:

How old is Alex?

Where does Alex live?

What are Alex's hobbies?

5. Translation Practice

Translate into English using the vocabulary:

Меня зовут Анна.

Мне 20 лет.

Я студентка.

Моя любимая еда – паста.

У меня есть брат и сестра.

6. Final Speaking Task

Choose one question from section 3 and answer in 3—5 sentences. Use at least 3 words from “Words to use”.

Example answer: Tell me about your family.

I have a small family. I live with my mother, father, brother, and sister. We enjoy spending time together, watching movies, and going for walks. My brother is 18 years old and my sister is 15. I love my family very much.

Daily Routine

Goal: Talk about your daily life and habits; improve speaking skills

1. Warm-up Questions

What time do you usually wake up?

– Во сколько ты обычно встаёшь?

What is the first thing you do in the morning?

– Что ты делаешь первым делом утром?

Do you prefer mornings or evenings? Why?

– Ты предпочитаешь утро или вечер? Почему?

2. Vocabulary

wake up – просыпаться

I usually wake up at 7 a.m.

get up – вставать

I get up and brush my teeth.

breakfast – завтрак

I have breakfast at 7:30 a.m.

go to school / work – идти в школу / на работу

I go to school at 8 a.m.

study / work – учиться / работать

I study English every day.

lunch – обед

I usually have lunch at 1 p.m.

free time – свободное время

I like to read books in my free time.

exercise / sports – упражнения / спорт

I play football in the evening.

dinner – ужин

We have dinner at 7 p.m.

go to bed – лечь спать

I usually go to bed at 10 p.m.

shower / take a shower – принимать душ

I take a shower after exercise.

homework / assignments – домашнее задание

I do my homework in the afternoon.

3. Speaking Questions with Example Answers

Words to use – use these words to help you answer.

1. What time do you usually wake up?

Words to use: wake up, morning, usually

Example answer:

I usually wake up at 7 a.m. I like mornings because they are quiet and peaceful. After I wake up, I drink a glass of water and stretch for a few minutes.

2. What is the first thing you do in the morning?

Words to use: get up, shower, breakfast

Example answer:

The first thing I do in the morning is get up and take a shower. After that, I have breakfast with my family. I usually eat eggs and toast, and I drink tea or coffee.

3. What do you usually do during the day?

Words to use: study, work, school, assignments

Example answer:

During the day, I go to school and attend my classes. I study English, math, and history. In the afternoon, I do my homework and sometimes help my younger brother with his studies.

4. What do you like to do in your free time?

Words to use: free time, hobbies, read, music

Example answer:

In my free time, I like to read books and listen to music. Sometimes I play the guitar or go for a walk in the park. Free time is very important because it helps me relax after school.

5. Do you do any sports or exercise?

Words to use: exercise, sports, play, football

Example answer:

Yes, I usually play football in the evening with my friends. I also like to go jogging in the park. Exercise keeps me healthy and gives me a lot of energy.

6. What time do you usually have dinner and go to bed?

Words to use: dinner, go to bed, evening

Example answer:

I usually have dinner at 7 p.m. with my family. After dinner, I relax, watch TV, or read a book. I usually go to bed at 10 p.m. to get enough sleep for the next day.

4. Reading: A Typical Day

I usually wake up at 7 a.m. and get up after a short stretch. The first thing I do is take a shower and have breakfast. I go to school at 8 a.m. and study until 2 p.m. After school, I come home and do my homework. In the afternoon, I like to read books or listen to music in my free time. I play football with my friends in the evening. We have dinner at 7 p.m. and sometimes watch TV together. I usually go to bed at 10 p.m. and I sleep well because I had a busy but fun day.

Comprehension Questions:

What time does the person wake up?

What do they do after school?

What activities do they do in the evening?

5. Translation Practice

Translate into English using the vocabulary:

Я обычно встаю в 7 утра.

Я делаю домашнее задание после школы.

В свободное время я люблю читать книги.

Я играю в футбол вечером с друзьями.

Я ложусь спать в 10 вечера.

6. Final Speaking Task

Choose one question from section 3 and answer in 3—5 sentences. Use at least 3 words from “Words to use”.

Example answer: What do you usually do during the day?

I usually go to school in the morning. I attend my classes and study English, math, and history. After school, I do my homework and sometimes read a book. In the evening, I play football with my friends. I enjoy my day because I am busy and active.

Family and Friends

Goal: Talk about your family and friends; improve speaking skills

1. Warm-up Questions

Do you have a big or small family?

– У тебя большая или маленькая семья?

Do you have a best friend? Who is he/she?

– У тебя есть лучший друг? Кто это?

Do you like spending time with your family? Why?

– Тебе нравится проводить время с семьёй? Почему?

2. Vocabulary

family – семья

I have a small family.

mother / mom – мама

My mother is a teacher.

father / dad – папа

My father works in a bank.

brother – брат

I have one brother.

sister – сестра

My sister is younger than me.

grandparents – бабушка и дедушка

I visit my grandparents every Sunday.

friend – друг

My best friend is Anna.

best friend – лучший друг

My best friend always helps me.

relationship – отношения

I have a good relationship with my family.

spend time – проводить время

I like to spend time with my friends.

support – поддержка

My family always gives me support.

celebrate – праздновать

We celebrate birthdays together.

3. Speaking Questions with Example Answers

Words to use – use these words to help you answer.

1. Do you have a big or small family?

Words to use: family, small, big

Example answer:

I have a small family. I live with my mother, father, and sister. We are very close and often spend time together at home or outside.

2. Can you tell me about your mother/father?

Words to use: mother, father, work, job

Example answer:

My mother is a teacher and she works at a local school. She is very kind and helps me with my homework. My father works in a bank and he is very hardworking. I respect my parents a lot.

3. Do you have any brothers or sisters?

Words to use: brother, sister, younger, older

Example answer:

Yes, I have one brother and one sister. My brother is older than me and he likes playing football. My sister is younger and she loves drawing. We usually help each other and have fun together.

4. Who is your best friend?

Words to use: best friend, friend, help, support

Example answer:

My best friend is Anna. She is very friendly and always supports me when I have problems. We like to go to the park, watch movies, and talk about school. I can trust her with everything.

5. What do you like to do with your family?

Words to use: spend time, family, celebrate, activity

Example answer:

I like to spend time with my family on weekends. We sometimes go to the park, watch movies together, or celebrate birthdays. I really enjoy these moments because we can talk, laugh, and have fun together.

6. What do you like to do with your friends?

Words to use: spend time, friends, hobby, games

Example answer:

I like to spend time with my friends after school. We play games, go for a walk, or talk about our hobbies. Sometimes we go to the cinema or eat ice cream together. I always have fun with my friends.

4. Reading: My Family and Friends

I have a small family. I live with my mother, father, and younger sister. My mother is a teacher, and my father works in a bank. I also have one older brother who studies at university. I have a best friend named Anna. We like to go to the park, watch movies, and talk about school. I enjoy spending time with my family and friends because they make me happy and support me. On weekends, we celebrate birthdays or just have fun together.

Comprehension Questions:

Who does the person live with?

What does the mother do?

What activities do they do with friends?

5. Translation Practice

Translate into English using the vocabulary:

У меня есть младшая сестра.

Моя мама работает учителем.

Мой лучший друг всегда поддерживает меня.

Я люблю проводить время с семьёй по выходным.

Мы празднуем дни рождения вместе.

6. Final Speaking Task

Choose one question from section 3 and answer in 3—5 sentences. Use at least 3 words from “Words to use”.

Example answer: Who is your best friend?

My best friend is Anna. She is very kind and friendly. We like to go to the park, watch movies, and play games together. She always helps me when I have problems. I am very happy to have a friend like her.

Personality and Feelings

Goal: Talk about your personality, emotions, and feelings; improve speaking skills

1. Warm-up Questions

How do you usually feel in the morning?

– Как ты обычно себя чувствуешь утром?

Are you an outgoing or shy person?

– Ты общительный человек или застенчивый?

How do you feel when you meet new people?

– Как ты себя чувствуешь, когда знакомишься с новыми людьми?

2. Vocabulary

happy – счастливый

I feel happy when I meet my friends.

sad – грустный

I feel sad when I lose something important.

friendly – дружелюбный

My friends are very friendly.

shy – застенчивый

I am shy when I speak in front of many people.

kind – добрый

She is very kind to everyone.

funny – смешной, забавный

My brother is very funny and makes me laugh.

angry – сердитый

I feel angry when someone is rude.

tired – усталый

I am tired after school and need to rest.

excited – взволнованный, в предвкушении

I am excited about my birthday party.

personality – личность, характер

Her personality is very friendly and positive.

feelings – чувства, эмоции

It is important to talk about your feelings.

confident – уверенный

I feel confident when I speak English.

3. Speaking Questions with Example Answers

Words to use – use these words to help you answer.

1. How do you usually feel in the morning?

Words to use: happy, tired, excited

Example answer:

I usually feel happy in the morning because I like starting a new day. Sometimes I feel a little tired if I go to bed late. If I have something special planned, like meeting friends, I feel very excited.

2. Are you an outgoing or shy person?

Words to use: outgoing, shy, friendly, confident

Example answer:

I am an outgoing person. I like talking to new people and making friends. Sometimes I can be a little shy at first, but I usually feel confident after a few minutes.

3. How do you feel when you meet new people?

Words to use: feelings, nervous, happy, excited

Example answer:

When I meet new people, I sometimes feel nervous at first. But I usually feel happy and excited after talking to them for a while. I try to be friendly and polite so that they feel comfortable.

4. How do you react when you are angry?

Words to use: angry, feelings, calm, upset

Example answer:

When I feel angry, I try to stay calm and not shout. I usually take a deep breath and think about the situation. Sometimes I talk to a friend or family member to feel better.

5. Who is the kindest person you know?

Words to use: kind, friendly, personality, support

Example answer:

The kindest person I know is my grandmother. She is very friendly and always helps everyone. Her personality is very warm, and she gives me support when I need it. I really admire her.

6. What makes you happy or excited?

Words to use: happy, excited, feelings, celebrate

Example answer:

I feel happy when I spend time with my family and friends. I also feel excited before holidays or birthdays because we celebrate together. Doing things I like, like reading or playing football, makes me feel happy too.

4. Reading: My Personality and Feelings

I am usually a happy and friendly person. I like meeting new people and making friends. Sometimes I can be a little shy, especially in new situations. I feel confident when I do things I am good at, like playing football or speaking English. My friends say that I am funny and kind. I feel excited when I have a special event, like a birthday party or a trip. Sometimes I feel tired after a long day, but I always try to stay positive. I think it is important to talk about your feelings and understand your personality.

Comprehension Questions:

How does the person feel when meeting new people?

What activities make the person feel confident?

How does the person usually feel at special events?

5. Translation Practice

Translate into English using the vocabulary:

Я чувствую себя счастливым, когда встречаю друзей.

Иногда я немного застенчивый.

Я чувствую себя уверенно, когда говорю по-английски.

Моя бабушка очень добрая и всегда поддерживает меня.

Я чувствую себя взволнованным перед праздниками.

6. Final Speaking Task

Choose one question from section 3 and answer in 3—5 sentences. Use at least 3 words from “Words to use”.

Example answer: Are you an outgoing or shy person?

I am usually an outgoing person. I like talking to new people and making friends. Sometimes I feel shy at first, but I usually feel confident after a few minutes. I try to be friendly and help others feel comfortable. My friends say that I am funny and kind.

Childhood Memories

Goal: Talk about your childhood and past experiences; improve speaking skills

1. Warm-up Questions

What is your favorite childhood memory?

– Какое твое любимое воспоминание о детстве?

Did you like school when you were a child?

– Тебе нравилась школа в детстве?

Did you play with friends outside? What games?

– Ты играл с друзьями на улице? В какие игры?

2. Vocabulary

childhood – детство

I had a happy childhood.

memory – воспоминание

My favorite memory is my first day at school.

play – играть

I liked to play football with my friends.

game – игра

We played many fun games in the park.

school – школа

I went to a small school near my home.

friend – друг

My best friend was Tom.

favorite – любимый

My favorite toy was a red ball.

toy – игрушка

I had many toys when I was a child.

happy – счастливый

I felt very happy during my summer holidays.

adventure – приключение

Every summer was an adventure with my friends.

family – семья

I spent a lot of time with my family.

holiday – праздник, каникулы

We went on holiday to the countryside.

3. Speaking Questions with Example Answers

Words to use – use these words to help you answer.

1. What is your favorite childhood memory?

Words to use: memory, happy, play, adventure

Example answer:

My favorite childhood memory is playing in the park with my friends. We played football, hide-and-seek, and ran around all day. I felt very happy and free. Every day was an adventure, and I will never forget those times.

2. Did you like school when you were a child?

Words to use: school, favorite, study, teacher

Example answer:

Yes, I liked school when I was a child. My favorite subject was art because I liked drawing. I also liked my teachers because they were kind and patient. Sometimes school was hard, but I learned a lot and made many friends.

3. Who was your best friend in childhood?

Words to use: friend, play, fun, support

Example answer:

My best friend was Tom. We played together every day after school. We had a lot of fun and supported each other. Sometimes we had small arguments, but we always became friends again.

4. What games or toys did you like?

Words to use: game, toy, favorite, play

Example answer:

I liked many games, like hide-and-seek and football. My favorite toy was a red ball. I played with it in the yard every day. I also liked board games with my family during holidays.

5. Did you spend time with your family? How?

Words to use: family, holiday, happy, spend time

Example answer:

Yes, I spent a lot of time with my family. We went on holiday to the countryside and sometimes to the beach. I felt very happy when we had picnics or watched movies together. My family always made my childhood special.

6. What do you remember about your summer holidays?

Words to use: holiday, adventure, play, happy

Example answer:

During summer holidays, I usually went to my grandparents' house. I played with my cousins and explored the village. Every day was an adventure, and I felt very happy. I also learned a lot about nature and animals there.

4. Reading: Childhood Memories

I have many happy memories from my childhood. I lived in a small town with my family. I liked going to school and playing with my friends after lessons. My favorite games were football and hide-and-seek. During summer holidays, I visited my grandparents and played outside all day. I had many toys, but my favorite was a red ball. My best friend was Tom, and we had many fun adventures together. I also enjoyed spending time with my family, going on trips, and celebrating holidays. I think my childhood was full of happiness and learning.

Comprehension Questions:

What were the person's favorite games as a child?

Who was their best friend?

Where did they spend summer holidays?

5. Translation Practice

Translate into English using the vocabulary:

Моё любимое воспоминание – играть с друзьями в парке.

Мне нравилась школа, особенно рисование.

Моя любимая игрушка была красный мяч.

Я проводил летние каникулы у бабушки и дедушки.

Я много играл и веселился с друзьями.

6. Final Speaking Task

Choose one question from section 3 and answer in 3—5 sentences. Use at least 3 words from “Words to use”.

Example answer: What is your favorite childhood memory?

My favorite childhood memory is playing in the park with my friends. We played football and hide-and-seek, and I felt very happy. Every day was an adventure, and we laughed a lot. I also enjoyed spending time with my family during holidays. Those memories are very special to me.

Hobbies and Free Time

Goal: Talk about your hobbies and how you spend your free time; improve speaking skills

1. Warm-up Questions

What do you like to do in your free time?

– Что тебе нравится делать в свободное время?

Do you have any hobbies?

– У тебя есть хобби?

Do you prefer indoor or outdoor activities? Why?

– Ты предпочитаешь проводить время дома или на улице? Почему?

2. Vocabulary

hobby – хобби

My favorite hobby is painting.

free time – свободное время

I like reading books in my free time.

sports – спорт

I like playing sports after school.

music – музыка

I enjoy listening to music.

reading – чтение

Reading books is my favorite hobby.

painting / drawing – рисование

I like painting pictures in my free time.

playing games – играть в игры

I enjoy playing games with my friends.

watching movies – смотреть фильмы

I like watching movies on weekends.

gardening – садоводство

My grandmother loves gardening.

cycling / ride a bike – кататься на велосипеде

I ride my bike every Saturday.

traveling – путешествия

I like traveling during holidays.

photography – фотография
Photography is a creative hobby for me.

3. Speaking Questions with Example Answers

Words to use – use these words to help you answer.

1. What is your favorite hobby?

Words to use: hobby, favorite, enjoy, free time

Example answer:

My favorite hobby is reading books. I enjoy reading every day in my free time. I like adventure stories because they are exciting and interesting. Reading helps me relax and learn new words.

2. How do you usually spend your free time?

Words to use: free time, activities, enjoy, relax

Example answer:

In my free time, I usually play football with my friends or listen to music. Sometimes I watch movies or draw pictures. I enjoy these activities because they help me relax after school.

3. Do you like sports? Which ones?

Words to use: sports, play, active, enjoy

Example answer:

Yes, I like sports very much. I usually play football with my friends in the evening. I also enjoy swimming and riding my bike on weekends. Sports keep me healthy and active.

4. Do you prefer indoor or outdoor activities? Why?

Words to use: indoor, outdoor, hobby, enjoy

Example answer:

I prefer outdoor activities because I like being in the fresh air. I enjoy riding my bike, walking in the park, and playing football. Indoor activities are also fun, like reading or drawing, but I feel happier outside.

5. Do you enjoy music or movies?

Words to use: music, movies, enjoy, free time

Example answer:

Yes, I enjoy both music and movies. I usually listen to music while studying or relaxing. On weekends, I like watching movies with my family or friends. It is very entertaining and fun.

6. Have you tried any creative hobbies?

Words to use: painting, drawing, photography, hobby

Example answer:

Yes, I like painting and drawing. I sometimes take photos too. These creative hobbies are relaxing and allow me to express myself. I also enjoy sharing my pictures with my friends and family.

4. Reading: My Hobbies and Free Time

I have many hobbies, but my favorite is reading books. I also enjoy listening to music, watching movies, and playing sports. On weekends, I often ride my bike or go for a walk in the park. Sometimes I paint pictures or take photographs. In my free time, I like to try new activities and learn new skills. I enjoy spending time with my friends while playing games or talking about our hobbies. Hobbies help me relax, feel happy, and enjoy life.

Comprehension Questions:

What is the person's favorite hobby?

What outdoor activities does the person enjoy?

How do hobbies make the person feel?

5. Translation Practice

Translate into English using the vocabulary:

Моё любимое хобби – чтение книг.

В свободное время я люблю кататься на велосипеде.

Я часто слушаю музыку и смотрю фильмы.

Иногда я рисую картины или занимаюсь фотографией.

Хобби помогают мне расслабиться и быть счастливым.

6. Final Speaking Task

Choose one question from section 3 and answer in 3—5 sentences. Use at least 3 words from «Words to use».

Example answer: How do you usually spend your free time?

In my free time, I like reading books and listening to music. I also enjoy playing football with my friends. Sometimes I paint pictures or take photos. Hobbies help me relax and feel happy. I always try to spend my free time doing things I enjoy.

Dreams and Plans

Goal: Talk about your dreams, future plans, and goals; improve speaking skills

1. Warm-up Questions

What do you want to be in the future?

– Кем ты хочешь стать в будущем?

Do you have any dreams or goals?

– У тебя есть мечты или цели?

Do you like planning your future? Why?

– Тебе нравится планировать будущее? Почему?

2. Vocabulary

dream – мечта

My dream is to become a doctor.

goal – цель

My goal is to learn English well.

plan – план

I have a plan to study at university next year.

future – будущее

I think a lot about my future.

career – карьера

I want a successful career in teaching.

study – учиться

I plan to study hard at school.

travel – путешествовать

I want to travel to different countries.

job / profession – работа / профессия

My dream job is being a photographer.

achieve – достигать

I want to achieve my goals.

hope – надеяться

I hope to visit London next year.

success – успех

Success requires effort and patience.

learn – учить, изучать

I want to learn new languages.

3. Speaking Questions with Example Answers

Words to use – use these words to help you answer.

1. What is your dream?

Words to use: dream, future, career, achieve

Example answer:

My dream is to become a teacher in the future. I want to help students learn new things and achieve their goals. I know it will take time and effort, but I am ready to work hard.

2. Do you have any goals for this year?

Words to use: goal, study, learn, achieve

Example answer:

Yes, my goal for this year is to improve my English. I plan to study every day and learn new words and grammar. I want to achieve a good level so I can talk with people from other countries.

3. What is your plan after school?

Words to use: plan, future, study, career

Example answer:

After school, I plan to go to university. I want to study English and history. My plan is to get a good job in teaching and have a successful career in the future.

4. Do you want to travel in the future? Where?

Words to use: travel, future, hope, countries

Example answer:

Yes, I want to travel in the future. I hope to visit London, Paris, and New York. I want to see famous places, meet new people, and learn about different cultures.

5. What is your dream job?

Words to use: job, profession, dream, enjoy

Example answer:

My dream job is being a photographer. I would enjoy taking pictures of nature and people. I hope to make my hobby a real job and share my photos with others.

6. Why is it important to have dreams and plans?

Words to use: dream, plan, success, achieve

Example answer:

It is important to have dreams and plans because they help you stay motivated. Dreams give you a direction, and plans help you achieve success. Without plans, it is hard to reach your goals.

4. Reading: My Dreams and Plans

I have many dreams for the future. My main dream is to become a teacher. I want to help students learn and achieve their goals. I also have small goals for this year, like improving my English and reading more books. After school, I plan to go to university and study hard. I hope to travel to different countries and learn about new cultures. My dream job is being a photographer because I enjoy taking pictures. I believe that having dreams and plans helps me stay motivated and work hard every day.

Comprehension Questions:

What is the person's main dream?

What small goal do they have for this year?

Why does the person think dreams and plans are important?

5. Translation Practice

Translate into English using the vocabulary:

Моя мечта – стать учителем.

Я планирую учиться в университете после школы.

Я хочу путешествовать и узнавать новые культуры.

Моя мечта – быть фотографом.

Цели и планы помогают мне оставаться мотивированным.

6. Final Speaking Task

Choose one question from section 3 and answer in 3—5 sentences. Use at least 3 words from “Words to use”.

Example answer: What is your dream?

My dream is to become a teacher. I want to help students learn new things and achieve their goals. I know it will take effort, but I am ready to work hard. I also hope to travel to different countries and learn about their culture. Dreams and plans help me stay motivated every day.

Travel

Goal: Talk about traveling, trips, and experiences; improve speaking skills

1. Warm-up Questions

Do you like traveling?

– Ты любишь путешествовать?

Have you ever been to another city or country?

– Ты когда-нибудь ездил в другой город или страну?

What is your dream destination?

– Какое место ты мечтаешь посетить?

2. Vocabulary

travel – путешествовать

I like to travel during holidays.

trip – поездка

We had a short trip to the mountains last summer.

holiday / vacation – отпуск, каникулы

I want to go on holiday to the seaside.

airport – аэропорт

We arrived at the airport early in the morning.

flight – рейс

Our flight to Paris was very comfortable.

tourist – турист

There were many tourists in the city center.

sightseeing – осмотр достопримечательностей

We spent a day sightseeing in London.

hotel – отель

We stayed in a small hotel near the beach.

journey – путешествие, поездка

The journey by train was long but interesting.

culture – культура

I like learning about other countries' culture.

adventure – приключение

Traveling is always an adventure for me.

map – карта

We used a map to find the museum.

3. Speaking Questions with Example Answers

Words to use – use these words to help you answer.

1. Do you like traveling? Why or why not?

Words to use: travel, adventure, enjoy, culture

Example answer:

Yes, I like traveling very much. I enjoy visiting new places and learning about different cultures. Every trip is an adventure, and I always take photos to remember it. Traveling makes me happy and curious.

2. Have you ever been to another city or country?

Words to use: trip, journey, tourist, sightseeing

Example answer:

Yes, I have been to Moscow last year. I went there with my family. We visited many museums and did a lot of sightseeing. It was a wonderful trip, and I felt like a tourist in a big city.

3. What is your dream destination?

Words to use: dream, travel, holiday, culture

Example answer:

My dream destination is Japan. I want to travel there and learn about the culture. I would like to visit temples, gardens, and try traditional food. It would be an unforgettable holiday.

4. How do you usually prepare for a trip?

Words to use: plan, map, hotel, journey

Example answer:

Before a trip, I usually plan everything carefully. I check the map, book a hotel, and pack my bag. I also make a list of places I want to visit. This helps me have a smooth journey.

5. Do you prefer traveling by plane, train, or car? Why?

Words to use: flight, journey, travel, enjoy

Example answer:

I prefer traveling by train. The journey is long but I can enjoy the view from the window. Sometimes flights are too fast, and I like to relax and see the country on the way. Traveling by train is comfortable and interesting for me.

6. Why is traveling important?

Words to use: travel, culture, experience, adventure

Example answer:

Traveling is important because it helps us learn about the world. We can experience new cultures, meet new people, and have adventures. Traveling makes life more exciting and teaches us many useful things.

4. Reading: Traveling is Fun

I love traveling because it gives me new experiences and adventures. Last summer, I went on a trip to the mountains with my family. We stayed in a small hotel and explored the nearby villages. Every day we did sightseeing and learned about local culture. I also like traveling by train because I can see the landscape and take pictures. My dream destination is Japan because I want to visit temples and try traditional food. Traveling helps me relax, enjoy life, and understand the world better.

Comprehension Questions:

Where did the person go last summer?

What does the person like about traveling by train?

What is their dream destination?

5. Translation Practice

Translate into English using the vocabulary:

Я люблю путешествовать, потому что это приключение.

В прошлом году я ездил в горы с семьёй.

Мы остановились в маленьком отеле и осматривали деревни.

Мне нравится путешествовать на поезде и смотреть на пейзаж.

Моя мечта – поехать в Японию и попробовать традиционную еду.

6. Final Speaking Task

Choose one question from section 3 and answer in 3—5 sentences. Use at least 3 words from “Words to use”.

Example answer: Do you like traveling? Why or why not?

Yes, I like traveling very much. I enjoy visiting new places and learning about different cultures. Every trip is an adventure, and I take many photos to remember it. Traveling makes me happy and teaches me new things. I hope to visit many countries in the future.

Holiday and Vacation

Goal: Talk about holidays, vacations, and travel experiences; improve speaking skills

1. Warm-up Questions

Where do you usually go on holiday?

– Куда ты обычно едешь в отпуск?

Do you prefer summer or winter holidays? Why?

– Ты предпочитаешь летний или зимний отпуск? Почему?

Who do you usually spend your holidays with?

– С кем ты обычно проводишь отпуск?

2. Vocabulary

holiday / vacation – отпуск, каникулы

I usually go on holiday in July.

beach – пляж

We spent our holiday on a sunny beach.

mountains – горы

I like hiking in the mountains during holidays.

hotel – отель

We stayed in a comfortable hotel near the sea.

resort – курорт

Last summer we visited a popular resort.

tourist attractions – достопримечательности

We visited many tourist attractions in the city.

sightseeing – осмотр достопримечательностей

During holidays, we enjoy sightseeing and taking photos.

travel agency – туристическое агентство

We booked our holiday through a travel agency.

booking – бронирование

I made a hotel booking for our holiday online.

passport – паспорт

Don't forget your passport if you travel abroad.

souvenir – сувенир

I always buy a small souvenir from every trip.

relax – отдыхать, расслабляться

Holidays are a perfect time to relax and forget about work.

3. Speaking Questions with Example Answers

Words to use – use these words to help you answer.

1. Where do you usually go on holiday?

Words to use: holiday, beach, mountains, travel

Example answer:

I usually go on holiday to the beach with my family. We enjoy swimming, sunbathing, and playing games on the sand. Sometimes we also go to the mountains for hiking and fresh air. Holidays are my favorite time of the year.

2. Do you prefer summer or winter holidays? Why?

Words to use: summer, winter, enjoy, activities

Example answer:

I prefer summer holidays because I enjoy swimming and sunbathing. I also like outdoor activities like hiking and cycling. Winter holidays are fun too, but I like warm weather more.

3. Who do you usually spend your holidays with?

Words to use: family, friends, travel, enjoy

Example answer:

I usually spend my holidays with my family. We like traveling together and enjoying sightseeing. Sometimes we also go on holiday with friends. Holidays are always more fun when I am with people I like.

4. Do you usually plan your holiday in advance?

Words to use: plan, booking, travel agency, hotel

Example answer:

Yes, I usually plan my holiday in advance. I make hotel bookings and sometimes use a travel agency. I also plan which places I want to visit. Planning helps me have a smooth and enjoyable holiday.

5. What do you like to do during your holidays?

Words to use: relax, sightseeing, activities, enjoy

Example answer:

During my holidays, I like to relax and forget about school. I also enjoy sightseeing and taking photos. Sometimes I try new activities like kayaking or hiking. Holidays are a great time to have fun and feel happy.

6. Why is it important to have holidays?

Words to use: relax, enjoy, family, travel

Example answer:

Holidays are important because they help us relax and spend time with family and friends. They give us a break from work or school. Traveling and new experiences also make life more enjoyable.

4. Reading: My Holiday Experience

Last summer, I went on holiday to the seaside with my family. We stayed in a small hotel near the beach. Every day we swam in the sea, played games on the sand, and enjoyed the sun. We also visited local tourist attractions and did some sightseeing. I bought a small souvenir for my friends. Holidays are the best time to relax, have fun, and spend time with the people you love. I hope to visit another country for my next holiday.

Comprehension Questions:

Where did the person go last summer?

What activities did they do on the beach?

Why are holidays important for the person?

5. Translation Practice

Translate into English using the vocabulary:

Летом я обычно езжу в отпуск на пляж.

Мы остановились в маленьком отеле рядом с морем.

Каждый день мы купались в море и играли на песке.

Я купил небольшой сувенир для друзей.

Отпуск – это лучшее время, чтобы отдыхать и веселиться.

6. Final Speaking Task

Choose one question from section 3 and answer in 3—5 sentences. Use at least 3 words from “Words to use”.

Example answer: Where do you usually go on holiday?

I usually go on holiday to the beach with my family. We swim in the sea, play games on the sand, and enjoy the sun. Sometimes we also visit nearby tourist attractions. Holidays are my favorite time to relax and have fun. I hope to travel to another country next year.

Cities and Countryside

Level: A2

Goal: Talk about cities, villages, and life in different places; improve speaking skills

1. Warm-up Questions

Do you live in a city or in the countryside?

– Ты живёшь в городе или в деревне?

Which place do you prefer: city or countryside? Why?

– Какое место ты предпочитаешь: город или деревню? Почему?

Have you ever visited a village or a big city?

– Ты когда-нибудь посещал деревню или большой город?

2. Vocabulary

city / town – город

I live in a small city near the river.

countryside / village – деревня, сельская местность

I like spending time in the countryside during holidays.

buildings – здания

There are many tall buildings in the city center.

park – парк

I often go for a walk in the park.

street / road – улица, дорога

The streets in my city are very busy.

traffic – движение, пробки

Traffic in big cities is often heavy.

nature – природа

I enjoy the nature in the countryside.

farm – ферма

There is a small farm near the village.

people / population – люди / население

The city has a large population.

shops / markets – магазины / рынки

I like visiting local markets in the city.

quiet / peaceful – тихий / спокойный

The countryside is quiet and peaceful.

transport / public transport – транспорт / общественный транспорт

Public transport in the city is very convenient.

3. Speaking Questions with Example Answers

Words to use – use these words to help you answer.

1. Do you live in a city or in the countryside?

Words to use: city, countryside, population, buildings

Example answer:

I live in a city. There are many tall buildings, busy streets, and a lot of people. I like the city because everything is close, and I can go shopping or visit friends easily. But sometimes I miss the quiet and nature of the countryside.

2. Which place do you prefer: city or countryside? Why?

Words to use: prefer, quiet, nature, busy

Example answer:

I prefer the countryside because it is quiet and peaceful. I enjoy nature, fresh air, and walking in the fields. Cities are interesting, but they are often busy and noisy. I like to visit the city sometimes, but I would like to live in the countryside.

3. Have you ever visited a village or a big city?

Words to use: visited, village, city, sightseeing

Example answer:

Yes, I have visited both a village and a big city. Last year I went to a small village with my family. We enjoyed the peaceful environment and beautiful nature. I also visited a big city where I did sightseeing and visited museums. Both experiences were amazing.

4. What are the advantages of living in a city?

Words to use: city, shops, transport, people

Example answer:

The city has many advantages. There are lots of shops, restaurants, and cafes. Public transport is convenient, and you can meet many people. Cities also have entertainment and cultural events. That's why many people like city life.

5. What are the advantages of living in the countryside?

Words to use: countryside, nature, peaceful, farm

Example answer:

The countryside is peaceful and quiet. You can enjoy nature, clean air, and beautiful landscapes. There are farms and open fields. Life in the countryside is slower, but it helps people relax and feel calm.

6. Would you like to live in a city or in the countryside in the future? Why?

Words to use: future, prefer, live, enjoy

Example answer:

In the future, I would like to live in the countryside. I enjoy quiet places and nature. But I will visit the city for work or shopping. I think this way I can have the best of both worlds.

4. Reading: Life in Cities and Countryside

I have lived in a city all my life. Cities are busy and full of people. There are many buildings, shops, and parks. Public transport is very convenient, and you can find almost everything you need. Sometimes, however, the streets are noisy and crowded. I also like visiting the countryside. It is peaceful, quiet, and full of nature. There are farms, fields, and fresh air. Life in the countryside is slower, but it is relaxing. I enjoy spending my weekends there to rest and feel calm.

Comprehension Questions:

What are cities like according to the person?

Why does the person like visiting the countryside?

How is life in the countryside different from city life?

5. Translation Practice

Translate into English using the vocabulary:

Я живу в большом городе с множеством зданий.

В городе есть парки, магазины и кафе.

Общественный транспорт очень удобный.

Мне нравится проводить выходные в деревне.

В деревне тихо, спокойно и много природы.

6. Final Speaking Task

Choose one question from section 3 and answer in 3—5 sentences. Use at least 3 words from “Words to use”.

Example answer: Which place do you prefer: city or countryside? Why?

I prefer the countryside because it is quiet and peaceful. I enjoy walking in nature and breathing fresh air. Cities are interesting and convenient, but they are often busy and noisy. I like to visit the city sometimes, but I would like to live in the countryside in the future.

Famous Landmarks (Russia) – Известные достопримечательности

Goal: Talk about famous landmarks in Russia, describe them, and share experiences; improve speaking skills

1. Warm-up Questions

Have you ever visited a famous landmark in Russia?

– Ты когда-нибудь посещал известную достопримечательность в России?

Which landmark would you like to visit?

– Какую достопримечательность ты бы хотел посетить?

Do you prefer historical buildings or modern landmarks? Why?

– Ты предпочитаешь исторические здания или современные достопримечательности? Почему?

2. Vocabulary

landmark – достопримечательность

The Kremlin is a famous landmark in Moscow.

monument – памятник

There is a monument in the city center.

cathedral – собор

Saint Basil's Cathedral is very beautiful.

museum – музей

The Hermitage Museum is in Saint Petersburg.

historic – исторический

Russia has many historic landmarks.

architecture – архитектура

The architecture of Saint Basil's Cathedral is unique.

square – площадь

Red Square is one of the most famous squares in Russia.

tower – башня

The Spasskaya Tower is part of the Kremlin.

fortress – крепость

The Peter and Paul Fortress is a historic place in Saint Petersburg.

tourist – турист

Many tourists visit Moscow every year.

visit / sightseeing – посещать / осматривать достопримечательности

We visited famous landmarks during our trip to Moscow.

famous – известный

The Bolshoi Theatre is famous all over the world.

3. Speaking Questions with Example Answers

Words to use – use these words to help you answer.

1. Have you ever visited a famous landmark in Russia?

Words to use: landmark, visit, sightseeing, tourist

Example answer:

Yes, I have visited Red Square in Moscow. I enjoyed sightseeing and taking photos. It was very interesting to see the historic buildings and monuments. There were many tourists, but the atmosphere was amazing.

2. Which landmark would you like to visit?

Words to use: want, visit, famous, cathedral

Example answer:

I want to visit Saint Basil's Cathedral in Moscow. It is very famous and has beautiful architecture. I would like to see the colorful domes and take many photos. It would be an unforgettable experience.

3. Do you prefer historical buildings or modern landmarks? Why?

Words to use: historic, modern, architecture, enjoy

Example answer:

I prefer historic buildings because I enjoy learning about history. The architecture is interesting and unique. Modern landmarks are also beautiful, but historic places have more stories and culture.

4. What can tourists do at famous landmarks?

Words to use: visit, sightseeing, take photos, learn

Example answer:

Tourists can visit famous landmarks, do sightseeing, and take photos. They can also learn about the history and culture of Russia. Many landmarks have museums or exhibitions, which are very interesting.

5. Why are landmarks important for a country?

Words to use: famous, culture, history, tourist

Example answer:

Landmarks are important because they show the history and culture of a country. They attract tourists and help people learn about traditions. Famous landmarks make a country interesting and unique.

6. Have you ever taken photos at a landmark?

Words to use: photos, landmark, visit, memory

Example answer:

Yes, I took many photos at Red Square. I wanted to remember my visit and the beautiful buildings. Photos are good memories of trips and landmarks. I often look at them and remember my holiday.

4. Reading: Famous Landmarks in Russia

Russia has many famous landmarks. In Moscow, you can visit Red Square, the Kremlin, and Saint Basil's Cathedral. These places are historic and have unique architecture. In Saint Petersburg, the Hermitage Museum and the Peter and Paul Fortress are very popular. Tourists from all over the world visit these landmarks to see the monuments, cathedrals, and squares. Landmarks are important because they show the culture and history of Russia. People enjoy sightseeing, taking photos, and learning about the country's past. Visiting landmarks is always an interesting and educational experience.

Comprehension Questions:

Name two famous landmarks in Moscow.

What are some famous landmarks in Saint Petersburg?

Why do people visit landmarks in Russia?

5. Translation Practice

Translate into English using the vocabulary:

Красная площадь – одна из самых известных достопримечательностей Москвы.

Я хочу посетить собор Василия Блаженного.

Туристы любят осматривать исторические здания и памятники.

Архитектура этих зданий очень красивая.

Достопримечательности показывают историю и культуру России.

6. Final Speaking Task

Choose one question from section 3 and answer in 3—5 sentences. Use at least 3 words from “Words to use”.

Example answer: Which landmark would you like to visit?

I want to visit Saint Basil's Cathedral in Moscow. It is very famous and has amazing architecture. I would like to take photos of the colorful domes. Visiting this landmark would help me learn more about Russian history and culture. I hope to go there next year.

Accommodation – Проживание

Goal: Talk about types of accommodation, booking, and staying places; improve speaking skills

1. Warm-up Questions

Where do you usually stay when you travel?

– Где ты обычно останавливаешься во время путешествий?

Do you prefer hotels, hostels, or apartments? Why?

– Ты предпочитаешь отели, хостелы или апартаменты? Почему?

Have you ever stayed in a foreign country? Where?

– Ты когда-нибудь останавливался в другой стране? Где?

2. Vocabulary

accommodation – проживание

We booked our accommodation in a small hotel near the beach.

hotel – отель

We stayed in a comfortable hotel in the city center.

hostel – хостел

Hostels are cheaper than hotels.

apartment / flat – апартаменты / квартира

We rented an apartment for our vacation.

room – комната

Our hotel room had a big bed and a balcony.

reservation / booking – бронирование

I made a hotel reservation online.

check-in / check-out – регистрация / выезд

We checked in at 2 pm and checked out at 11 am.

bed and breakfast (B&B) – мини-отель с завтраком

We stayed at a cozy B&B near the mountains.

facilities – удобства

The hotel has good facilities, like a pool and gym.

reception – стойка регистрации

We asked the receptionist for information about the city.

host / hostess – хозяин / хозяйка

The host was very friendly and helpful.

price / cost – цена / стоимость

The price of the hotel was very reasonable.

3. Speaking Questions with Example Answers

Words to use – use these words to help you answer.

1. Where do you usually stay when you travel?

Words to use: hotel, apartment, hostel, accommodation

Example answer:

I usually stay in a hotel when I travel. I like having a comfortable room and a private bathroom. Sometimes, I stay in an apartment with my family. Accommodation depends on the price and location.

2. Do you prefer hotels, hostels, or apartments? Why?

Words to use: prefer, hotel, hostel, apartment

Example answer:

I prefer hotels because they are comfortable and have good facilities. Hostels are cheaper, but I like privacy. Apartments are nice if I travel with my family. Hotels are the most convenient for me.

3. Have you ever stayed in a foreign country?

Words to use: foreign, travel, stay, experience

Example answer:

Yes, I stayed in France last year. I stayed in a small hotel in Paris. It was a great experience, and the hotel was very comfortable. I liked exploring the city and returning to my room after sightseeing.

4. How do you usually book your accommodation?

Words to use: booking, online, reservation, website

Example answer:

I usually book my accommodation online. I check reviews and compare prices on different websites. Sometimes I use a travel agency. Online booking is convenient and saves time.

5. What facilities do you like in a hotel?

Words to use: facilities, hotel, comfortable, enjoy

Example answer:

I like hotels with good facilities. A comfortable bed, free Wi-Fi, and a nice bathroom are important. I also enjoy a hotel with a pool or gym. Facilities make my stay more enjoyable and relaxing.

6. Why is it important to choose good accommodation when traveling?

Words to use: accommodation, comfortable, price, enjoy

Example answer:

It is important to choose good accommodation because it makes your trip more comfortable. The price should match your budget. Good accommodation helps you enjoy your holiday and relax after sightseeing.

4. Reading: Choosing Accommodation

When I travel, I always think carefully about my accommodation. Sometimes I stay in hotels, sometimes in hostels or apartments. I check the location, facilities, and price before making a booking. Hotels are comfortable and convenient, but hostels are cheaper. Apartments are good if I travel with family or friends. It is important to have a nice room, clean bathroom, and friendly staff. Choosing the right accommodation makes a trip more enjoyable and relaxing.

Comprehension Questions:

What types of accommodation does the person use?

What does the person check before booking a place to stay?

Why is good accommodation important when traveling?

5. Translation Practice

Translate into English using the vocabulary:

Я обычно останавливаюсь в отеле, когда путешествую.

Иногда я выбираю апартаменты, если путешествую с семьёй.

Я бронирую жильё онлайн и проверяю отзывы.

В отеле мне важны удобная комната и чистая ванная.

Хорошее проживание делает поездку приятной и комфортной.

6. Final Speaking Task

Choose one question from section 3 and answer in 3—5 sentences. Use at least 3 words from “Words to use”.

Example answer: Do you prefer hotels, hostels, or apartments? Why?

I prefer hotels because they are comfortable and convenient. I like having a clean room and a private bathroom. Sometimes I stay in an apartment if I travel with my family. Hostels are cheaper, but I enjoy privacy. Good accommodation helps me relax and enjoy my trip.

Transportation – Транспорт

Goal: Talk about different types of transport, travel habits, and preferences; improve speaking skills

1. Warm-up Questions

How do you usually go to school or work?

– Как ты обычно добираться до школы или работы?

Which type of transport do you prefer? Why?

– Какой вид транспорта ты предпочитаешь? Почему?

Have you ever used public transport in another city or country?

– Ты когда-нибудь пользовался общественным транспортом в другом городе или стране?

2. Vocabulary

car – автомобиль

I go to school by car every day.

bus – автобус

I usually take the bus to work.

train – поезд

I like traveling by train because I can see the landscape.

plane / flight – самолёт / рейс

I took a flight to Moscow last year.

bicycle / bike – велосипед

I ride my bike in the park on weekends.

metro / subway – метро

The subway is the fastest way to move around the city.

tram – трамвай

I take the tram to visit the city center.

taxi / ride-hailing – такси

We took a taxi to the airport.

traffic – движение, пробки

Traffic in the city is often heavy in the morning.

journey / trip – поездка

The train journey to Saint Petersburg was long but comfortable.

ticket – билет

I bought a ticket for the bus online.

transportation system – транспортная система

The city has a good transportation system.

3. Speaking Questions with Example Answers

Words to use – use these words to help you answer.

1. How do you usually go to school or work?

Words to use: bus, car, bike, transport

Example answer:

I usually go to school by bus. Sometimes I ride my bike if the weather is nice. I don't use a car because it is expensive. Public transport is convenient for me every day.

2. Which type of transport do you prefer? Why?

Words to use: prefer, transport, fast, comfortable

Example answer:

I prefer traveling by train because it is comfortable and I can enjoy the view. Cars are fast but stressful in traffic. The subway is also convenient in big cities. I like trains the most.

3. Have you ever used public transport in another city or country?

Words to use: public transport, city, foreign, experience

Example answer:

Yes, I used the subway in Paris last year. It was my first time in a foreign city. The public transport system was very organized and easy to use. I enjoyed the experience and it helped me explore the city.

4. What are the advantages of using public transport?

Words to use: public transport, fast, cheap, convenient

Example answer:

Public transport is fast, cheap, and convenient. You don't need to worry about parking or traffic. It helps the environment because fewer people use cars. I use buses and trains whenever I can.

Конец ознакомительного фрагмента.

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